## 2013

# Instructions for Form 1099-K

## Department of the Treasury Internal Revenue Service

#### **Payment Card and Third Party Network Transactions**

Section references are to the Internal Revenue Code unless otherwise noted.

#### **Future Developments**

For the latest information about developments related to Form 1099-K and its instructions, such as legislation enacted after they were published, go to <a href="https://www.irs.gov/form1099k">www.irs.gov/form1099k</a>.

#### What's New

Truncating recipient's identification number on paper payee statements. Pursuant to proposed regulations §§ 1.6042-4(b) and 301.6109-4 (REG-148873-09), all filers of this form may truncate a recipient's identification number (social security number (SSN), individual taxpayer identification number (ITIN), or adoption taxpayer identification number (ATIN)) on payee statements. See part M in the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.

Payment subject to backup withholding. Notice 2011-88, available at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/irb/2011-46">www.irs.gov/irb/2011-46</a> IRB/ar08.html, applies backup withholding to payments made after December 31, 2012. Notice 2011-42, available at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/irb/2011-23">www.irs.gov/irb/2011-23</a> IRB/ar08.html, establishes that a payment made by a third party settlement organization (TPSO) is a reportable payment potentially subject to section 3406 backup withholding only if the payee has received payment from that TPSO in more than 200 transactions within a calendar year. Payments made in settlement of payment card transactions that are potentially subject to section 3406 have no limiting threshold.

#### Reminder

In addition to these specific instructions, you should also use the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns. Those general instructions include information about the following topics.

- · Backup withholding.
- Electronic reporting requirements.
- Penalties.
- Who must file (nominee/middleman).
- When and where to file.
- Taxpayer identification numbers.
- Statements to recipients.
- Corrected and void returns.
- Other general topics.

You can get the general instructions at <a href="www.irs.gov/form1099k">www.irs.gov/form1099k</a> or by calling 1-800-TAX-FORM (1-800-829-3676).

**Frequently asked questions.** To find frequently asked questions (FAQs) about Form 1099-K reporting, go to IRS.gov and enter "new payment card reporting" in the search box.

#### **Specific Instructions**

A payment settlement entity (PSE) must file Form 1099-K, Payment Card and Third Party Network Transactions, for payments made in settlement of reportable payment transactions for each calendar year. A PSE makes a payment in settlement of a reportable payment transaction, that is, any payment card or third party network transaction, if the PSE submits the instruction to transfer funds to the account of the participating payee to settle the reportable payment transaction.

A PSE is a domestic or foreign entity that is a merchant acquiring entity, that is, a bank or other organization that has the contractual obligation to make payment to participating payees in settlement of payment card transactions; or a third party settlement organization (TPSO), that is, the central organization that has the contractual obligation to make payments to participating payees of third party network transactions.

**Note.** Automated clearing houses, healthcare networks, and accounts payable departments do not qualify as TPSOs and do not report under section 6050W.

A participating payee is any person, including any governmental unit (and any agency or instrumentality of a governmental unit) who accepts a payment card, or any account number or other indicia associated with a payment card, as payment or accepts payment from a TPSO in settlement of a third party network transaction.

A payment card is any card, including any stored-value card (having prepaid value, including gift cards), issued according to an agreement or arrangement that provides for all of the following.

- One or more issuers of the cards.
- A network of persons unrelated to each other, and to the issuer, who agree to accept the cards as payment.
- Standards and mechanisms for settling the transactions between the merchant acquiring entities and the persons who agree to accept the cards as payment.

A third party payment network is any agreement or arrangement that provides for the following.

- The establishment of accounts with a central organization by a substantial number of providers of goods or services who are unrelated to the organization and who have agreed to settle transactions for the provision of the goods or services to purchasers according to the terms of the agreement or arrangement.
- Standards and mechanisms for settling the transactions.
- Guarantee of payment to the persons providing goods or services (participating payees) in settlement of transactions with purchasers pursuant to the agreement or arrangement. A third party payment network does not include any agreement or arrangement that provides for the issuance of payment cards.

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"Unrelated" means any person who is not related to another person within the meaning of section 267(b) using the rules of 267(c) and (e)(3), and 707(b)(1).

Exception for payments made outside the United States by U.S. payers or middlemen to offshore accounts after 2010. For payments under contractual obligations entered into after December 31, 2010, a PSE that is a person as described in Regulations section 1.6049-5(c) (5) as a U.S. payer or U.S. middleman is not required to file Form 1099-K for payments to a participating payee with a foreign address as long as, prior to payment, the PSE has documentation on which the PSE may rely to treat the payment as made to a foreign person according to Regulations section 1.1441-1(e)(1)(ii) (substituting "payer" for the term "withholding agent" and without regard to the limitations to amounts subject to withholding requirements of chapter 3 of the Code and its regulations).

A PSE must file Form 1099-K for payments made outside the United States to an offshore account if any of the following apply:

- There is a U.S. residential or correspondence address associated with the participating payee;
- The PSE has standing instructions to direct the payment to a bank account maintained in the United States;
- The participating payee submits for payment in U.S. dollars: or
- The PSE knows or has reason to know that the participating payee is a U.S. person.

A PSE is not required to file Form 1099-K for payments made outside the United States to an offshore account in the circumstances described in the preceding paragraph if the PSE does not know that the payee is a U.S. person and the PSE obtains from the payee a Form W-8BEN, Certificate of Foreign Status of Beneficial Owner for United States Tax Withholding (Individuals); or Form W-8ECI, Certificate of Foreign Person's Claim That Income Is Effectively Connected With the Conduct of a Trade or Business In the United States; or documentary evidence establishing the payee's non-U.S. status; or a suitable substitute form as described in Notice 2011-71, available at www.irs.gov/irb/ 2011-37 IRB/ar08.html. The W-8 forms (or the suitable substitutes) must be collected by the PSE no later than 90 days after the date on which the PSE enters into the contractual obligations with participating payee. The W-8 forms (or suitable substitutes) may be relied upon only when the requirements of Regulations sections 1.1441-7(b)(5)(i)(A) or (B) and (ii) are satisfied. Documentary evidence may be relied upon only when the requirements of Regulations sections 1.1441-7(b)(7) and 1.1441-7(b)(8)(ii) and (iii) are satisfied.

A PSE does not have to file Form 1099-K for payments made outside the United States (within the meaning of Regulations section 1.6049-5(e)) to an offshore account (as defined in Regulations section 1.6049-5(c)(1)) of a participating payee with only a foreign address if the name of the participating payee indicates that it is a *per se* corporation under Regulations section 301.7701-2(b)(8)(i) and the PSE does not know or have reason to know that the participating payee is a U.S. person.

A PSE may apply the grace period rules under Regulations section 1.6049-5(d)(2)(ii) for payments to a participating payee with only a foreign address without regard to whether the amounts paid are described in Regulations section 1.1441-6(c)(2) or are reportable under Code sections 6042, 6045, 6049, or 6050N.

Exception for payments made by U.S. payers or middlemen to accounts maintained outside the United States after 2010. A PSE is also not required to file Form 1099-K in certain circumstances for payments made to an account maintained outside the United States. This exception only applies if the PSE is a U.S. payer making a payment to an account maintained outside the United States by the PSE, or, if the PSE does not maintain an account for the payee, to another financial institution maintaining the account outside the United States. To apply this exception, the PSE must also reasonably determine that the participating payee is doing business outside the United States based on all the information obtained or reviewed in connection with the establishment or maintenance of the contractual relationship with the participating payee (including information required to be obtained or reviewed under procedures required to be established under and compliant with 31 CFR § 103.121(b)). However, a PSE must file Form 1099-K for payments made to an offshore account if any of the following apply:

- There is a U.S. residential or correspondence address associated with the participating payee;
- The PSE has standing instructions to direct the payment to a bank account maintained in the United States;
- The participating payee submits for payments in U.S. dollars; or
- The PSE knows or has reason to know that the participating payee is a U.S. person.

A PSE that obtains a valid Form W-8 or documentary evidence establishing the payee's non-U.S. status and does not know the payee is a U.S. person is not required to file Form 1099-K even if any of the circumstances described in the preceding paragraph are present. For more information on this exception, see Notice 2012-2, available at <a href="https://www.irs.gov/irb/2012-45">www.irs.gov/irb/2012-45</a> IRB/ar11.html.

Exception for payments by U.S. payers to foreign payees prior to 2011. For payments under contractual obligations entered into before January 1, 2011, a PSE that is a U.S. payer or U.S. middleman is not required to file a Form 1099-K for a payment to a participating payee with a foreign address as long as the payer does not know or have reason to know that the participating payee is a U.S. person.

A foreign address means any address that is not within the United States (the States and the District of Columbia).



A renewal of a contractual obligation will not result in a new contractual obligation unless there is a material modification to the contractual obligation.

Exception for payments made by non-U.S. payers or middlemen to foreign payees. A PSE that is not described as a U.S. payer or U.S. middleman in Regulations section 1.6049-5(c)(5) is not required to file a Form 1099-K for payment to a participating payee that does not have a U.S. address as long as the PSE does not know or have reason to know that the participating payee is a U.S. person. If the participating payee has any U.S. address, the PSE may treat the participating payee as a foreign person only if the PSE has documentation on which the PSE may rely to treat the payment as made to a foreign person according to Regulations section 1.1441-1(e)(1)(ii).

A PSE that is a non-U.S. payer that has reason to know but not actual knowledge that a participating payee is a U.S. person will not be required to file Form 1099-K if the PSE obtains from the payee a Form W-8 that satisfies the requirements of Regulations section 1.1441-7(b)(5)(i)(A) or

(B) and (ii), or documentary evidence that satisfies the requirements of Regulations sections 1.1441-7(b)(7) and 1.1441-7(b)(8)(ii) and (iii).

A PSE may accept a substitute form, as described in Notice 2011-71, in lieu of Form W-8BEN so that a participating payee can certify its non-U.S. status. Documentary evidence, described in Regulations section 1.6049-5(c)(1), submitted to establish the identity of the payee and the status of that person as a foreign person remains valid until the earlier of the last day of the third calendar year following the year in which the documentary evidence is provided to the withholding agent or the day that a change in circumstances occurs that makes any information on the documentary evidence incorrect.

A U.S. address is any address that is within the United States (the States and the District of Columbia).

**Non-reportable transactions.** The following transactions are non-reportable under section 6050W.

- A withdrawal of funds at an automated teller machine (ATM) via payment card, or a cash advance or loan against the cardholder's account.
- A check issued in connection with a payment card that is accepted by a merchant or other payee.
- Any transaction in which a payment card is accepted as payment by a merchant or other payee who is related to the issuer of the payment card.

Conversion of amounts paid in foreign currency. When a payment is made or received in a foreign currency, the U.S. dollar amount must be determined by converting the foreign currency into U.S. dollars on the date of transaction at the spot rate (as defined in Regulations section 1.988-1(d)(1)) or according to a reasonable spot rate convention, such as a month-end spot rate or a monthly average spot rate. The convention must be used consistently for all non-dollar amounts reported and from year to year. The convention cannot be changed without the consent of the Commissioner or his or her delegate.

Reporting under sections 6041, 6041A, and 6050W.

Payments made by payment card or through a third party payment network after December 31, 2010, that otherwise would be reportable under sections 6041 (payments of \$600 or more) or 6041A(a) (payments of remuneration for services and certain direct sales) and 6050W are reported under section 6050W and not sections 6041 or 6041A. For purposes of determining whether payments are subject to reporting under section 6050W, rather than sections 6041 or 6041A, the *de minimis* threshold, discussed later under *Box* 1, is disregarded.

#### **Who Must File**

Every PSE, which in any calendar year makes one or more payments, or any party which submits instructions to transfer funds to the account of a participating merchant, in settlement of reportable payment transactions, must file an information return (Form 1099-K) with respect to each participating payee for that calendar year.

Multiple PSEs. If two or more persons qualify as PSEs for the same reportable transaction, the PSE that submits the instruction to transfer funds must file the return. However, the PSE obligated to file may designate another person to file the return, including the PSE not making payment, if the parties agree in writing. If the designated person fails to timely file the return, the entity with the responsibility to file is liable for any applicable penalties under sections 6721 and 6722.

Electronic payment facilitator. If a PSE contracts with an electronic payment facilitator (EPF) or other third party to make payments in settlement of reportable payment transactions on behalf of the PSE, the facilitator or other third party must file Form 1099-K in lieu of the PSE. The facilitator is not required to have any arrangement or agreement with the participating payee. Payments need not come from the facilitator's account. The facilitator need only submit instructions to transfer funds to the account of the participating payee. The PSE can file Form 1099-K by designation if the parties agree in writing; however, the designation does not relieve the facilitator from liability for any applicable penalties under sections 6721 and 6722 for failure to comply with the information reporting requirements.

See part O in the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns for more information on penalties.

**Aggregated payees.** If you receive payments from a PSE on behalf of one or more participating payees and you distribute such payments to one or more participating payees, you are:

- The participating payee with respect to the PSE who sent you the payment(s), and
- The PSE with respect to the participating payees to whom you distribute the payments.

For more information on nominee/middleman reporting, see part A in the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.

#### **Statements to Payees**

If you are required to file Form 1099-K, you must provide a statement to the payee. For more information about the requirement to furnish a statement to each payee, see part M in the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.

**Furnishing statements electronically.** Statements may be furnished to payees electronically in lieu of a paper format. See Regulations section 1.6050W-2(a) for further information.

## Filer's Name, Address, Telephone Number, and Federal Identification Number Boxes

Enter the name, address (including street address, city or town, province or state, country, and ZIP or foreign postal code) and telephone number of the entity with the filing requirement (payer) in the box in the upper left corner. The telephone number must allow a payee to reach a person knowledgeable about the payments reported on the form. Enter the federal identification number of the entity with the filing requirement (payer) in the top box immediately to the right.

#### **Filer Check Boxes**

Check the first (top) box in the section immediately below the FILER'S name, street address, city or town, province or state, ZIP or foreign postal code, and telephone number box if the entity with the filing requirement (payer) is a PSE. Check the second (bottom) box if the entity with the filing requirement (payer) is an EPF or other third party.

If the entity with the filing requirement (payer) is an EPF or other third party, enter the PSE's name and telephone number in the box above the account number box at the bottom left of the form. The telephone number must allow a payee to reach a person knowledgeable about the payments reported on the form.

#### **Transactions Reported Check Boxes**

Check the first (top) box if you are reporting payment card transactions on this form. Check the second (bottom) box if you are reporting third party network transactions on this form

If you are reporting payments to the same payee that include both payment card and third party network transactions, you must file a separate Form 1099-K reporting the gross amount from each type.

#### **Account Number**

The account number is required if you have multiple accounts for a payee for whom you are filing more than one Form 1099-K. Additionally, the IRS encourages you to designate an account number for all Forms 1099-K that you file. See part L in the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.

### **Box 1. Gross Payment Card/Third Party Network Transactions**

Enter in box 1 the gross amount of the total reportable payment card/third party network transactions for the calendar year. Gross amount means the total dollar amount of total reportable payment transactions for each participating payee without regard to any adjustments for credits, cash equivalents, discount amounts, fees, refunded amounts, or any other amounts. The dollar amount of each transaction is determined on the date of the transaction.

**Exception for** *de minimis* payments. A TPSO is required to report any information concerning third party network transactions of any participating payee only if for the calendar year:

- The gross amount of total reportable payment transactions exceeds \$20,000, and
- The total number of such transactions exceeds 200.

For examples of reportable payment transactions, including responsible filing parties, see Regulations section 1.6050W-1(e).

#### **Box 2. Merchant Category Code**

Enter the 4-digit merchant category code (MCC) used by the payment card industry to classify the payee for the payment card transactions reported on this Form 1099-K. If you or the entity on whose behalf you are filing uses an industry classification system other than, or in addition to, MCCs, assign to each payee an MCC that most closely corresponds to the description of the payee's business.

**Note.** If you or the entity on whose behalf you are filing is a TPSO or does not use any industry classification system for its payees, you should not complete this box.

If a payee has receipts classified under more than one MCC, you may either:

- File separate Forms 1099-K reporting the gross receipts for each MCC, or
- File a single Form 1099-K reporting total gross receipts and the MCC which corresponds to the largest portion of the total gross receipts.

#### **Box 3. Number of Payment Transactions**

Enter the number of payment transactions (not including refund transactions) processed through the payment card/third party payer network.

#### **Box 4. Federal Income Tax Withheld**

Enter backup withholding. Persons who have not furnished their taxpayer identification number to you are subject to backup withholding on payments required to be aggregately reported in box 1.

A payment made by a TPSO is a reportable payment potentially subject to section 3406 backup withholding only if the payee has received payment from the TPSO in more than 200 transactions (the monetary threshold is not considered for this purpose) within a calendar year. There are no limiting thresholds for payments made in settlement of payment card transactions that are subject to section 3406 backup withholding.

For more information on backup withholding, including the applicable rate, see part N in the 2013 General Instructions for Certain Information Returns.

#### Boxes 5a through 5l

Enter in the appropriate box the gross amount of the total reportable payment transactions for each month of the calendar year.

#### Box 6. State

Enter the two letter postal abbreviation of the state for which state income taxes are being withheld.

#### Box 7. State/Payer's State no.

Enter the state/payer's state identification number.

#### Box 8. State Income Tax Withheld

Enter the state income tax withheld on the payments reported on this form.